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AGENTS.

Nanaimo.....A. D. McInnis
New Westminster.....Seth T. Tilley
Fort Langley.....W. Winnard
Fort Hope.....Ballou's Express
Fort Yale.....Kurtz & Co
Port Douglas.....Myers' Express
Cayoosh.....Myers' Express
Lytton City.....Jas. H. Batterson
Fort Alexander.....Pony Express Co

A Terrible Catastrophe.

The St. Anthony correspondent of the St. Paul Pioneer writes to the latter, on Saturday last, the particulars of a terrible calamity, previously reported by telegraph:

Our community was startled on Thursday by a report that six persons had been drowned in Lake Calhoun. The following named persons are the lost: Rev. H. M. Nichols, pastor of the Congregational Society of Minneapolis; Nancy, his wife, and Henry, their son, aged thirteen; Mr. A. Cleveland, brother-in-law of Mr. Nichols; and Emerette, aged thirteen, and Ella, aged eleven, daughters of Mr. Cleveland. But one little boy, aged two years, is left of the Nichols family; while the Cleveland family remaining consists of a bereaved, sorrowing wife, and two interesting daughters, of tender years.

The circumstances of the catastrophe, as correctly as we could glean them, are as follows: The families were visiting the lake on a picnic excursion. The party consisted of ten persons. It was proposed to bathe, and while Mr. Nichols and Mr. Cleveland were putting on bathing dresses, Mr. Nichols' son and Mr. Cleveland's daughters entered the water. Owing to the abrupt descent some twenty feet from the margin of the water, one of the little girls was soon beyond her depth. This being observed by the brave boy, he vented in to relieve her, failing in which, he desired the other little girl to reach out her hand, which she did.

Thus joined hand in hand they struggled, but failing to get up the shelving bank, and becoming alarmed, they called for help, when Messrs. Cleveland and Nichols tugged in, hand in hand. Not being within reach, they requested Mrs. Nichols to enter the water, which she did, taking her husband by the hand. Mr. Cleveland, still retaining a hold on Mr. Nichols' hand, entered the deep water, and succeeded in reaching the struggling children. But, standing on the shelving bank, he lost his balance, and in falling dragged Mr. Nichols and wife into deep water. They sunk, retaining fast hold on each other. Thus those that could swim were prevented from doing so, and soon sunk to rise no more. Mrs. Nichols was buoyed up by her light skirts, and repeatedly called on her sister, Mrs. Cleveland, to come to her aid. This noble lady did all that a delicate, sickly invalid could, but her efforts were of no avail, and Mrs. Nichols, too, perished.

During the afternoon of Thursday the bodies of Mr. Nichols, wife and son, Mr. Cleveland and his two daughters—six in number—in appropriate coffins, were exposed in the parlor of the late residence of Mr. Nichols, side by side, and throngs of visitors gathered to view the sorrowful scene.

A NEW SECT IN MICHIGAN.—The Gratiot (Mich.) News states that there is an organization or denomination in that county who style themselves the "Church of God," but who pass by the appellation of "Wynobanarians." They hold regular services south of the village, at a school house. One of their peculiar ordinances consists of washing each other's feet. The elder offers a prayer, then removes his coat, girds on a towel, and proceeds to wash the feet of the member nearest him, wiping his feet with the towel, then takes him by the right hand, and salutes him with a kiss. The washed then washes the feet of the next brother, and the washing proceeds until all are washed. The sisters, in the meantime, are busily engaged in washing each other's feet. After a hymn the services are closed. The clean-feet feature is to be commended.

SUICIDE.—A man jumped overboard from the steamer Col. Moody while she was lying at Hope, and was drowned. His name was Thomas Lowry. He came from Angel's Camp, Calaveras county, California. He was laboring under a fit of insanity.—N. W. Times.

SAYERS AND HEENAN AT DUBLIN.—Sayers and Heenan appeared at the Rotunda Gardens, Dublin, on the 27th June. In the evening, it was with considerable trouble the "champions" could disengage themselves from the motley crowd by whom they were surrounded. The Benicia Boy and Tom Sayers promenaded as far as they would be permitted among the masses that jostled and twisted to try and get near the two heroes. After some time, persons began amusing themselves by blocking the hats of their fellow spectators. The standard of rebellion against pugilistic authority was raised, and in a very short time indeed, the platform was broken to pieces, and the carpet with which it was covered torn into shreds. This system of agitation had the effect of bringing in vast reinforcements from outside, and the railings were scaled by hundreds from every quarter. The two pugilists presented themselves amidst a storm of noise and confusion. Sayers tried to make himself heard, and was understood to say that if a space was cleared, the science of himself and his friend would be displayed. The appeal was in vain, and the Benicia Boy having tried his persuasive powers with as little success as his companion, both immediately threw down the gloves, and then ensued a scene of tumult and disorder, perhaps, never equalled in Dublin—hats were blocked, coat tails were torn off, and Johnson's refreshment marquee was collapsed in the twinkling of an eye. The wine, whisky, and drink of all kinds which it contained, as well as all the money which had been received in it during the day for drink, were made away with by the rioters. The police arrived in large numbers, and succeeded, after much trouble, in clearing the gardens and restoring order. The "heroes" returned to their hotel, and all was quiet before eleven o'clock. At the time of the row in the garden, not less than ten thousand persons were present. Heenan and Sayers left next morning for Belfast. The visit of Sayers and Heenan to Belfast was a great success, each exhibition having been attended by about two thousand persons, and double that number were unable to obtain admission. The Northern Whig says the champions started off by the Leopard for Glasgow, amid the cheers of the greatest monster meeting that has been seen on the quays of Belfast since the Queen's visit eleven years ago.

SERVING AN ATTACHMENT.—A PRECEDENT FOR CALIFORNIA CREDITORS.—A week or two ago, says an Eastern paper, four creditors started for Boston in the same train of cars, for the purpose of attaching the property of certain debtor in Farmington, Maine. He owed each one separately, and they were suspicious of the object of the other, but dared not say a word about it. So they rode, acquaintances all, talking up on every thing except that which they had most at heart. When they arrived at the depot at Farmington, which was three miles from where the debtor did business, they found nothing but a solitary cab, towards which they all rushed. Three got in, and refused admittance to the fourth, and the cab started.

The fourth ran after, and mounted upon the outside with the driver. He asked the driver if he wanted to sell his horse. He replied that he did not—that he was not worth more than \$50, but would not sell him for that.

He asked him if he would take \$100 for him. "Yes," said he. The "fourth man" quickly paid over the money, took the reins, and backed the cab up to a cabin, slipped it from the harness, and tipped it up so that the door could not be opened, and jumped upon the horse's back and rode off while the "insiders" were looking out of the window. He rode to a lawyer's office and got a writ made and served, and his debt secured, and got back to the hotel just as the "insiders" came up putting and blowing. The cabman soon bought back his horse for \$50. The "sold" men offered to pay that sum, if the fortunate one, who found property sufficient to pay his own debt, would not tell of it in Boston.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,
CONSTANTLY RECEIVE ADDITIONS
TO THEIR LARGE STOCK OF

BOOKS & STATIONERY,
COMPRISING LARGE FAMILY AND OTHER DESCRIPTIONS OF BIBLES AND TESTAMENTS,

WORKS ON ARTS, SCIENCES AND MECHANICS, OF POETRY, TRAVELS, INVENTIONS, AND ALMOST ALL THE DIFFERENT BRANCHES OF LITERATURE. ALSO,

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INCLUDING DRAWING AND TRACING PAPERS AND TRACING CLOTH, LETTERS AND SEAL PRESSSES, LETTER CLIPS, (DRAPER'S AND WHITNEY'S PATENTS), INDIAN RUBBER AND COMMON INKSTANDS, CHESS AND BACKGAMMON BOARDS, CHESSMEN, CHECKERS, DOMINOES, PLAYING CARDS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF GOLD PENS, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, COLOR BOXES, THE POCKET CUTLERY, AND NUMEROUS OTHER ARTICLES CONNECTED WITH THE TRADE.

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Reinhart, Mayer & Co.,

Wholesale Dealers and Importers

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WINES,

Liquors, Ales, Cigars,

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS

—AND—

CLOTHING,

YATES STREET

Victoria, V. I.

JUST RECEIVED.—Ex DANIEL WEBSTER and MARIE, a large and excellent assortment of

WINES, ALES,

Liquors, Cigars, Croceries,

CLOTHING,

ETC...ETC...ETC.

WICHITA, KANSAS.

WHICH IS NOW IN

THE MARKET.

WHICH IS NOW IN

THE BRITISH COLONIST

TO ADVERTISERS.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

REMOVAL.

The Publication Office of the DAILY BRITISH COLONIST has been removed from Wharf street, to the new Brick Building, on Government street, second door south of the Post Office, up stairs, where all orders for Advertising, Job Work, etc., must in future be left.

Friday Morning, August 10, 1860.

Esquimalt Road.

If the entire travel on all the roads leading from Victoria to the country were summed up, it would be found that the travel on the Esquimalt road would far exceed the travel on all the others put together. Yet, strange to say, of all the roads in the colony that is in the worst condition. The road itself—leaving out the bridges—for a summer road is good enough, but in winter, nearly three-fourths of its entire length is impassable. In a summer climate like ours, vehicles may pass through the open country anywhere; the dry season parches up the black loamy soil, and thus where it is possible to travel in summer without scarcely leaving the impression of a passing vehicle, in winter it is but mire. Esquimalt road is no exception to this general rule in winter, in consequence of never having been macadamized. The black soil of which it is formed, in many places, simply becomes a quagmire in the rainy season. The bridges, however, ought to be in as good condition in summer as in winter, and at all times ought to be safe for pedestrians, horsemen, or vehicles of any and every description to pass over during the night or the day. Out of the six or seven bridges between Victoria and Esquimalt, there is not one bridge that is safe. Even pedestrians, during the night, are in danger of getting their legs broken or their ankles put out of joint; and it is matter of astonishment how that horses have escaped so long. To nothing but the great skill of riders and drivers can their safety be attributed. There are holes in Victoria bridge a person might fall through; there are planks so worn away that they are unsafe to tread on. On other bridges there are holes, broken planks, thin planks, planks springing up and down, and planks slipping first one way and then the other. Such is a sad, yet it is a true picture, of a road which, to all intents and purposes, deserves to be as good, and even far better, than any other in the colony. At each end of it are the two most populous towns in the colony. If there are 2,500 persons in Victoria, there are quite as many at Esquimalt, if we include the navy in Esquimalt harbor. All the mail steamers land their passengers at Esquimalt, who are necessitated in some cases almost to walk their passages over the bridges and hills to get to Victoria and back. Large quantities of merchandise are landed from the steamers there, that might cause employment to wagoners to bring it to Victoria; but the wretched state of the road renders the freight so high that steam conveyance or lighters are used, thus enabling a few persons with capital invested in a steamboat to carry freight, which, had we a better and a leveler road, would employ ten times the number of persons, with no greater cost for freight.

It is easy to perceive the advantage to Esquimalt of having freight wagons running in and out. But of this there is no hope and all through dereliction of duty on the part of its late representative and the Government to whom he has given such unflinching support. During the five months Mr. Gordon was in the Assembly, Esquimalt bridges or Esquimalt road has scarcely been mentioned. If his attention to this important matter is compared with the efforts of T. J. Skinner, Esq., when in the defunct Assembly, it is apparent that the latter gentleman did his utmost to serve his constituents by trying to get money to make a good and a safe road at all seasons; whilst G. T. Gordon, Esq., said nothing, did nothing, but make a road into the public treasury, to live at the public expense.

Some £600 were appropriated by the former Assembly early in 1859 for Esquimalt road. Of this amount, there is a considerable balance in the hands of the government not yet spent according to the intention of the last Assembly. Before that body was dissolved, Mr. Skinner over and over again called upon the Executive to disburse. But to all entreaties the Executive was as deaf as a door nail. The money appropriated from the license fund, instead of being disbursed on the Esquimalt road was used probably to make the excavations on "Bird Cage Walk," where government officials "most do congregate." Mr. Gordon, however, has been utterly oblivious to the

road, or to the surplus in the hands of the government. Now he comes forward to solicit the electors to return him. If neglect of duty—neglect of his chief pledge when elected—can entitle a man to be re-elected, we must say that Mr. Gordon deserves to be returned.

THE MECHANIC'S LIEN.—Like the Victoria light-house petition, the document recently sent into the House of Assembly by the mechanics of this colony, praying for a Lien Law, has disappeared. None but a few of the honorable members know what has become of it, and they seem anxious to keep its hiding-place a secret; for not a word has been heard of it since it was first laid before the House. This neglect is wrong; it is a shameful breach of faith with the public who placed them in their seats. When the mechanics held their meetings at the Royal Hotel, some time since, two of our legislators—Messrs. Franklin and Gordon—attended, and pledged themselves to support a bill which would give working men their rights. The petition was presented, and that was all. Not a syllable has since been uttered about it. Thus the best interests of the people are allowed to suffer, while the public time is wasted by our legislators in making buncombe speeches, or squabbling over bills of secondary importance.

A COMPLAINT AND A FINE.—Mr. Colquhoun, superintendent of the chain-gang, and Mr. Beavis, one of the guard, were up before Judge Pemberton on Tuesday, for an alleged neglect of duty. The first was charged with being absent from his post. Mr. C. proved that he had been sent to town by the Colonial Surveyor, for the purpose of buying some lumber, to be used in grading the open space in front of the Treasury building. Mr. Beavis was charged with leaning against the railing of the Treasury building, to escape from the rays of a broiling sun. The "delinquents" were each fined ten shillings! The charges were preferred by Chief of Police Bayley.

A MERCANTILE AGENCY.—We learn that a concern has recently been started in San Francisco for the purpose of ascertaining the standing of every business man on the Pacific coast. The establishment has its spies in every direction, whose duty it is to worm themselves into the confidence of merchants and others doing business with San Francisco houses, and after learning what they can about his habits, amount of business he transacts, how much credit he is "good" for, what property he owns, etc., report the result of their investigations to head-quarters in San Francisco. One of these "agents" is said to have taken up his abode in Victoria.

THE RUSSIANS IN CHINA.—The report brought to San Francisco by the Spanish brig *Natoma*, that when she left Amoy, an army of 70,000 Russians was marching on Pekin, is undoubtedly a *canard*. That the Russians have so large an army in North China we do not believe; and even if they had, a movement of such magnitude and of so much importance to the civilized world, could hardly have been made without becoming generally known throughout Europe long before its consummation.

COURT OF ASSIZES.—At ten o'clock yesterday morning, the jurors and witnesses summoned, numbering about 100, met in the Supreme Court-room, when they were informed by Judge Cameron that he wished to give the merchants an opportunity to transact their business (this being steamer-day), and he would adjourn the Court until to-day at 10 o'clock. Jurors and witnesses are expected to attend without further notice.

GOLD MINES IN NOVA SCOTIA.—The Halifax papers say that over one thousand men are at work in the gold mines of Nova Scotia; but where the mines are located, or how much the miners are making, is not stated.

FRESH PEACHES.—A quantity of fresh peaches were brought up from Portland on the Oregon, on Wednesday. They are retailing at one dollar per pound.

POLICE COURT.—A couple of minor cases were called in the Police Court yesterday; but were remanded until to-day for final disposition.

SHOOTING AFFRAY AT THE CASCADES.—Two ship carpenters named Samuel Andrews and John Donovan, were on a drunken spree during Sunday last, at the Cascades, during which time they had a disagreement about some matter, but continued their drunken orgies until late at night. Yesterday morning, however, Donovan visited the sleeping room of Andrews and shot him, killing him instantly. He was arrested and brought down to Vancouver for trial. Andrews leaves a wife and child in this city, and is represented to have been an honest and industrious mechanic. His corpse was brought down on the *Carrie Ladd*, last night.—*Portland (Oregon) Advertiser*, 31st ult.

House of Assembly.

THURSDAY, August 9, 1860.

The House met at a quarter to four o'clock. Present—Speaker Helmcken, and Messrs. Green, Crease, Foster, Tolmie, Waddington, Cary, Franklin, McDonald.

ADDRESS TO THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The address to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, was read and adopted. [It will be forwarded by the mail steamer of to-morrow.]

ADDRESS

To His Royal Highness THE PRINCE OF WALES, DUKE OF CORNWALL, ETC.:

We, the Representatives of the Colony of Vancouver Island, in Parliament assembled:

Having heard that it is the intention of your Royal Highness to visit Her Majesty's possessions in North America, adopt this means of greeting your Royal Highness with a cordial and respectful welcome upon your arrival thither; and desire to express to you the extreme gratification it would afford the inhabitants of this Colony, could your Royal Highness confer upon us the honor of your presence on these shores.

We cannot but regard this the first formal visit of a member of the Royal Family to the American possessions as the dawn of a new and most auspicious era in Colonial history, evincing on the part of Her Most Gracious Majesty her appreciation of the commercial and political importance of her colonies, and her solicitude for their welfare and happiness; all of which cannot fail to awaken in the hearts of her colonists a response of loyalty and devotion to her august person.

In the grand achievements of science, as

if prompted by the mightier works of nature, which your Royal Highness will be invited to witness in Canada, there are those indications of progress from which we are led to hope that ere long the entire possessions of Her Majesty in North America may be peopled by a prosperous and happy race, united into one British province, affording new markets for British industry and capital and new approaches to the coveted commerce of the East, in which our own young and promising Colony may occupy no insignificant part.

May the Almighty Ruler of the universe vouchsafe to you His merciful protection, and grant you strength, wisdom and virtue to support you in the fulfillment of the responsible duties of (as we pray) a long and happy life.

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

Mr. Crease—I presume Mr. Speaker the address will be signed by every member of the Legislature headed by your honorable self.

The Speaker—Oh, oh! It will be signed by the Speaker only! [Blank looks generally inside the bar.]

THE TAX OF ONE PER CENT.

The bill for the levying of a tax of one per cent. on all the real estate in the colony was taken up.

Mr. Waddington did not wish the House to go into committee on the bill in its present shape. It should be divided into two—one to levy the tax, the other to regulate the collecting, etc., of it. It was incomplete and tyrannical in its present shape. He had himself about twenty-five amendments to offer to it. He called attention to the reading of the bill, which provided for the levying of the tax, and then went on about Assessors, etc.

Mr. Cary—Well, alter the heading.

GENTLE ZEPHYRS.

Mr. Waddington—Alter it yourself! and I would furthermore request the hon. gentleman to speak to me more politely in future.

Mr. Cary—Order!

Mr. Waddington—I am in order—it's yourself is out of order.

The Speaker begged the hon. member would keep order.

Mr. Waddington—The manner in which the bill is sought to be brought in is unparliamentary and I enter a solemn protest against its being received in Committee [cries for order]. You were more disorderly on Monday than I am now.

The Speaker referred to May's Practice, while Messrs. Cary and Waddington continued to talk in an under tone.

A SUDDEN SQUALL.

Mr. Waddington [suddenly striking the table with his clenched hand and addressing Mr. Cary]—This is no time to domineer over people, sir. Other people have as much talk as you have, and many a great deal more sense. You shan't bully me, sir! There are people here who have studied as much as you have, and some of them a good deal more. I tell you again, sir, I am not to be bullied, sir! [To the Speaker:] I protest Mr. Speaker to two bills being tacked together in the disgraceful manner this is. I demand that my protest shall be entered at length on the journals of the House.

Mr. Cary—The House has already decided to go into Committee of the Whole on the bill and we must do so.

A HURRICANE.

Mr. Waddington—You have no right, sir, to bully over this House. You are Attorney General, but you shall not bully over us, sir! We have had quite enough of your domineering spirit.

Mr. Cary—Tush! tush!

Mr. Waddington—Oh, I'm talking good sense. I have the feeling of the public with me, and I know it.

[A great deal of confusion was here manifested, and our reporter, (fortunately for the credit of the House, being the only outsider present) took advantage of the noise to have a good loud laugh, during which he lost a number of raucous expressions that were uttered within the bar.]

A CALM.

The Speaker finally said he was of opinion that two bills should be made out of the one.

Mr. Cary—Very well, sir, I think I can show you authority for the bill remaining as it is.

Mr. Waddington—Oh, the honorable member pretends to be so learned that he is continually calling other members ignorant, and yet he is compelled to seek his book!

Mr. Crease—(addressing Mr. Waddington)—I think the hon. member should not use personalities; we want calm deliberation, not invective.

Mr. Cary produced an armful of books, and cited authority from a bill which existed in Ireland.

Mr. Waddington ridiculed the authority produced. It was an Irish Excise Law. It is not applicable at all to this case. I am actually ashamed to belong to such a House.

Mr. Cary—Hear! hear!

Mr. Waddington—with such a member as the Attorney General.

The Speaker said he should reserve his decision until the next meeting of the House.

Mr. Cary would like to have the precedents examined now.

The Speaker consulted his watch, and said it was too late in the day.

Mr. Cary—Well, we shall have to adjourn till Tuesday next, on account of the Court of Assizes sitting in this room.

A PERFECT GALE.

Mr. Waddington—Do you observe that! you shall have to adjourn to Tuesday? I would call attention to that remark—You shall! is too often used by the Attorney General.

Mr. Cary—I said "we."

Mr. Waddington—Indeed you did not, you said "you." I have before called the attention of the House to the commanding and peremptory manner in which the Attorney General speaks to this House—I allude to it again.

Mr. Franklin—Order!

Mr. Waddington—Order yourself, sir; keep your orders to yourself. This House is losing the respect of the public by the course of the Attorney General.

The Speaker—if the hon. members will not respect themselves, they cannot expect the House to be respected.

Mr. Waddington—That's just what I say. I predicted, six months ago, that this House would degenerate from a House of Assembly to a mere debating club, if the Attorney General continued in it. My prediction is fulfilled.

SUBSIDENCE.

Mr. Foster deprecated the use of personalities on the part of the hon. member; and at the same time he must say that irritating language had been used towards the older member (Mr. Waddington) of this House, on various occasions. It was wrong. The younger members should not use irritating expressions towards him.

Mr. Tolmie—Indeed, sir, I think the "boot is on the other leg" to-day.

Without further remark, the House adjourned to Tuesday, 14th inst., at 3 o'clock.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Brick Cottage to Lease.

ONE OF THE NEAT BRICK COTTAGES on Rae street, corner of Church Reserve, is offered to Lease. Possession given on the 15th August. For particulars, apply to WM. ROWLAND, and tf

Frame Cottage adjoining.

Apparejo Leather.

A SMALL INVOICE, EX "OREGON."

—ALSO—

Russett, Sheep and Calf Skins and Findings.

For sale by ROBERT GEORGE, at Store of P. M. Backus, Yates st.

Theatrical.

THE AMATEURS OF H. H. S. TOPAZE take pleasure in announcing their first performance in Victoria on SATURDAY EVENING, August 11th, at the Colonial Theatre.

Judging from the reputation they have gained, a rich treat may be expected.

Further particulars will be duly announced.

aug 11

Old Bourbon Whisky.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF THE very best qualities of pure Old Bourbon Whisky, in barrels and wood: MARIELE'S PALE COGNAC, in do. do.

For sale by ROBERTSON STEWART & CO., Victoria and Esquimalt, V. I.

MONSARRAT & ALMON, 9 Wharf street.

EX "GRECIAN," FROM LONDON.

DUNLOP'S MOUNTAIN DEW WHISKY, in glass and wood:

MARIELE'S PALE COGNAC, in do. do.

For sale by ROBERTSON STEWART & CO., Victoria and Esquimalt, V. I.

MONSARRAT & ALMON, 9 Wharf street.

STEAMBOAT SHARES

FOR SALE,

10 SHARES OF THE YALE STEAM Navigation Company's Stock. Apply, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., to DAVID W. HIGGINS, Office "British Colonist."

aug 11

ROYAL OAK HOLE,

ESQUIMALT,

DAVIES & HOWARD.

THE "VERY LATEST"

TO BE HAD AT THE BAR.

and tf

To the Electors of Esquimalt

GENTLEMEN!—An election will shortly take place in your District for a Member to serve in the present Assembly. I now—in answer to pressing solicitations—have the honor to come forward as a Candidate, to ask your suffrages.

On all public questions affecting the general interests of the Colony, my opinions are too well known to need recapitulation. As regards your local interests, I shall be most happy to serve you faithfully to the best of my ability. With your co-operation, should I be returned, I believe that the road connecting Esquimalt with Victoria may be placed in first-rate condition before winter sets in. To accomplish that object, whether returned or not, I shall devote unremitting attention.

My past public conduct is the best guarantee that I afford you for the fulfillment of my pledges, whether affecting the interests of your District or the general interests of the Colony.

I need scarcely say that if elected, I shall be found the true friend of Progress and Reform.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,

AMOR DE COSMOS.

Victoria, August 8th, 1860.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PHOENIX,

ESTABLISHED JULY, 1863.

THE POPULARITY OF THIS SALOON is only equalled by the fact that nothing but the choicest Wines, Liquors and Sgars, are offered to its patrons. During the summer the proprietor begs to say that he will spare no expense in keeping plenty of Ice on hand, and those that are fond of a cool Ice Drink, such as Sherry Cobblers, Mint Juleps, Brandy Smashes, etc., will please call.

LUNCH EVERY DAY.

Drinks of all kinds 12½ Cents.

T. H. McCANN, Proprietor.

July 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10-11-12-1

RUMORED GOLD DISCOVERY ON THE ISLAND.—A rumor has been flying about town for the past three days relative to the discovery of rich gold mines on the Cowichan River. We have ascertained, on inquiry, that the report came from a man who was sent down for a supply of provisions and clothing by a well known citizen of Victoria. The man reports that the party that sent him is mining on the same river, and is taking out thirteen or fourteen pellets of gold—about the size of a buckshot—to each pan. We may receive some reliable information in regard to the "discovery" in the course of a few days.

ARREST OF ROBBERS.—The Stockton *Argus* gives an account of the arrest of two men named Crozier and Simons, supposed to be the persons who, with others, were engaged in the recent robbery of \$14,000 from a hotel at Mountain Spring, Placer County. Crozier was found lying asleep under a tree, and was carefully approached by officer Knaggs, who seized his pistol, and otherwise disarmed him, and by the assistance of Marshal Sanborn, placed him in irons. In a short time Simons came riding up to the spot, and was ordered to dismount, when he was seized, and two five-shooters, together with an extra cylinder and a bowie-knife, were taken from his person. He was then put in irons, and with his companion brought to the city and lodged in jail. They had in their possession three horses and a mule, with saddle and saddle-bags, seven buckskin purses, in each of which was coin, in all amounting to upwards of \$300, a bottle of strichnine, and a pair of burglars' nippers, jewelry, pocket books, etc. They were to be taken back to Placer County for trial.

"**TICKET, Sir!**"—A good story is related of a conductor on a railroad, who was a strict church-going man, and was always found promptly in his church on the Sabbath. One Saturday evening, his train was in very late, and he did not take his customary amount of sleep, which, however, did not prevent his attending divine worship as usual. During the sermon he unwittingly fell into a troubled sleep, soothed by the monotous voice of the clergyman. All at once he sprang from his seat, thrust his hat under his arm, and giving his neighbor in front a push, shouted, "Tickets, sir!" The startled neighbor also sprang to his feet, which thoroughly aroused the conductor, who, looking wildly around and seeing all eyes turned towards him, instantly comprehended his position, and "slid" amid a suppressed titter from the whole congregation.

MOST EXTRAORDINARY CASE ON RECORD.—A physician at Saranac, N. Y., in a post mortem examination, found a leaden bullet in the heart of John Kelly, who was wounded by the discharge of a gun eighteen years ago. This beats the celebrated Bill Poole, of New York, who lived two weeks with a bullet imbedded in his heart; and almost equals that of a soldier at Waterloo, who is recorded in medical works as having shown signs of life for twenty-four hours after the lower part of his heart had been shot away.

EX "GRECIAN."

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR Sale a very superior lot of Wines and Spirits in wood and glass, just received from London and selected with especial care for this market, consisting of

HOLLANDS GIN, in quarter casks;

Do. do. in cases.

RUM—Extra Proof, in quarter casks;

Do. A superior article, in 1 dozen cases.

WHISKY—Stenlis and Islay, in 1 dozen cases.

OLD TOM GIN—Booth's celebrated brands in 1 dozen cases;

Do. Collin's and Malingay's, in 1 dozen cases.

PALE SHERRY—Duff, Gordon, and other brands, in octaves, quarter casks and 1 doz. cases.

FINE OLD PORT—Sandeman's & Page's, in octaves, quarter casks and 1 doz. cases.

Do. JANION & GREEN.

"**EX GRECIAN.**"

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE RECEIVED per "Greician," and other late arrivals:

OILMEN'S STORES—Pie Fruits, Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, etc.

ENGLISH CHEESE—In 8-lb tins.

FANCY BISCUITS.

ALE AND PORTER—In cases.

COARSE SALT—For packing.

PULP—In bales and sacks.

MOLASSES AND SYRUP.

SUGAR—A fine assortment, in packages suitable for the River trade.

FLOUR

CARPETS AND HEARTH RUGS.

WHITE LEAD—Painters' Colors and Oils.

Which we offer for sale low.

Do. JANION & GREEN.

Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Heart Burn, Water Brash, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Acidity, Flatulence, Jaundice, Change of Climate, SICK Headache, Loss of Appetite, Fennal Complaints, Oppression after Eating, and General Debility are rapidly, effectually and surely cured by the OXYGENATED BITTERS.

CALIFORNIA EVIDENCE.

Mokelumne Hill, Cal., June 18th, 1858.

Having suffered for fifteen years with Dyspepsia, in its worst form, and having consulted with the best physicians, and tried everything recommended with out relief, I was induced to try the Oxygenated Bitters, and before I had taken one bottle I found myself much better, and continued taking them until I was entirely cured, and now enjoy as good health as I ever did in my life. I take pleasure in recommending them to all who are similarly afflicted.

JAS. L. LASHMORE.

The "Oxygenated Bitters" are sold in California by Henry Johnson & Co., Redding & Co., and Chas. Morrill, San Francisco; R. H. McDonald & Co., and Chas. Morrill & Co., Sacramento; Rice & Coffin, Marysville; Smith & Davis, Portland, Oregon.

I. N. JEFFERIES,

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PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS,

Varnish, Turpentine, Glue, White Lead, Brushes, Gold Moulding, etc.

Wall Paper and Borders.

Do. JANION & GREEN.

